

Con. 2989-12.

KK-2492

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

28/4/12

- N.B. :-** (1) This paper is of one hundred (100) marks.
 (2) There are three sections in this paper.
 (3) **Section I** consists of 40 multiple choice objective type questions, carrying one (1) mark each. Answer **all** the questions.
 (4) **Section II** consists of five (5) short answer questions of ten (10) marks each. Answer any **three (3)** questions.
 (5) **Section III** consists of four (4) long answer questions of fifteen (15) marks each. Answer any **two (2)** questions.
 (6) Please **read the instructions** given in the beginning of **each** section before answering.

Section I**All questions are compulsory.****(40 x 1 = 40 marks)**Fill in the blank space provided OR Tick the correct answer.

- _____ among the following is not a characteristic of scientific research method.
 - Reliability
 - Validity
 - Generalizability
 - Subjectivity
- A focus group discussion is a _____ type of group.
 - Open
 - Closed
 - Informal
 - Natural
- _____ is the author of 'Social Diagnosis'.
 - Konopka
 - Mary Richmond
 - Grace Coyle
 - Grace Mathew
- Approach – Avoidance method is a part of the _____ stage of life-cycle model of group work.
 - Power and control
 - Differentiation
 - Pre-affiliation
 - Separation
- A social Worker who works with an organization is considered as --
 - Target system
 - Change agent system
 - Stake holder system
 - Action system
- Social Advocacy is _____
 - Working for the organization
 - representing the victimized
 - public prosecution
 - litigation
- Which one among the following is not part of the Big five model in classification of personalities?
 - Extroversion
 - Agreeableness
 - Emotional Stability
 - Intellectual Ability
- 'Trait' Theory in Leadership states that _____
 - Leaders can be trained
 - Leaders are charismatic
 - Leaders are heroic personalities
 - Leaders are born leaders

[TURN OVER]

9. The Chair Person of the Planning Commission of India is _____
- President of India
 - Prime minister
 - Leader of opposition
 - Speaker of Lok Sabha
10. According to Rothman there are _____ approaches of community organization.
- Five
 - Six
 - Four
 - Three
11. There are _____ levels of variable measurement in Social Work Research.
- Two
 - Four
 - Three
 - Five
12. Identify the Non-Parametric test from the following :-
- Analysis of Variance
 - Regression Analysis
 - Karl Pearson's Correlation
 - Chi-Square
13. Which among the following is a core principle of Work with Individuals & families?
- Role-play
 - Confrontation
 - Advocacy
 - Individualization
14. 'Satya Graha' is a technique of _____
- Social Development
 - Community Organization
 - Conflict Strategy
 - Confrontation
15. Who among the following is hailed as a Social Reformer in India?
- Datta Samant
 - S. A. Dange
 - Mahatma Phule
 - T. J. P. Narayan

16. The New Economy Policy in India was introduced in the year _____
a) 1990 b)1999 c)2000 d)1991
17. Human Development Index is prepared by _____
a) International Monetary Fund b) UNDP
c) World Bank d) USAID
18. Which type of leadership has a dominant feature of Task Mastership?
a) Laissez faire b) Democratic c) Autocratic d) Republican
19. Which of the following agencies focuses on improving the nutrition of children?
a) UNIFEM b) UNESCO c) UNICEF d) WHO
20. Which policy of Indian government upholds the right of its citizens for gainful employment?
a) MGNREGA b) EGS c) JRY d) JNNURM
21. Which one of the following is not defining the Organizational Behavior of an organization?
a) Organizational Behaviour is the understanding and predicting the behavior of individuals
b) Organizational Behaviour is management of People's behavior.
c) Organizational Behaviour is the collective mentality and behavior of employees.
d) Organizational Behaviour is mob mentality.
22. Which among the following is not a Probability Sampling technique?
a) Systematic sampling b) stratified sampling c) Purposive sampling d) Cluster sampling
23. _____ Model of group work refers to restoration and rehabilitation.
a) Remedial b) Reciprocal c) Social Goals d) Radical
24. Which among the following is not a method of Social Work?
a) Work with Individuals b) work with communities
c) Integrated Social Work Method d) Group Work
25. A change model which can be practiced elsewhere is called _____
a) Replicable b) Policy change c) Expansion d) Escalation
26. _____ is the valid method in making judgment of others in Organizational Behaviour.
a) Assumed similarity b) Halo effect c) Selectivity d) Feed back
27. Who is the founder of 'Transactional Analysis'?
a) Eric Berne b) Eric Erickson c) Carl Rogers d) Albert Ellis

28. Which one of the following leadership styles can be considered more favorably in Management of Organizations?
a) Autocratic b) Democratic c) Situational d) Charismatic
29. Who among the following is called the Father of Public Administration?
a) Kidneith
b) Richard Titmus
c) Luther Gulick
d) Woodrow Wilson
30. Conscientization Approach to Community Organization is advocated by _____
a) Paulo Friere b) Karl Marx c) Rothman d) Saul Alinsky
31. The Central Social Welfare Board was setup by the Indian Government in the year _____
a) 1950 b) 1952 c) 1953 d) 1961
32. Prediction is a key concept in _____ analysis.
a) Univariate b) Regression c) Qualitative d) Factor
33. Among the following which one is not ego-supportive technique in case work?
a) Sustainment b) Direct influence
c) Confrontation d) Reflection
34. Power in the field of social development means _____
a) Money b) Coercion c) Ability to influence d) Charisma
35. Competition is the feature of a _____ Economy.
a) Humanist b) Feminist c) Marxian Socialist d) Capitalist
36. TISS started the social work course in _____
a) 1951 b) 1939 c) 1936 d) 1942
37. 'Das Kapital' is the famous work of _____
a) Josef Stalin b) Adolf Hitler c) Karl Marx d) Adam Smith
38. Which of the following is the methodology of analyzing communication data?
a) Census c) Content Analysis
b) Path Analysis d) Factor Analysis
39. A social worker uses _____ record details of the client at the initial phase.
a) Face book b) Face sheet c) Face Cover d) Genogram
40. The person who is always blamed is called _____
a) An Isolate c) A Scapegoat
b) A Victim d) A Betrayer

Section II

Answer any **three** questions out of **five** :-

(3 x 10 = 30 marks)

1. Explain the importance of professional use of self in work with individuals and families.
2. Discuss the effective use of Transactional Analysis Approach in enhancing the positive growth of an organization.
3. Indicate factors responsible for Post Traumatic Stress Disorders in individuals.
4. Enumerate the steps in the problem solving process of any village affected by a disaster.
5. Is poverty in India a structural problem? Substantiate your answer with examples.

Section III

Answer any **two** questions out of **four** :-

(2 x 15 = 30 marks)

1. Examine the use of Interview Method of data collection in Social Work Research. Point out its merits and demerits with suitable illustrations.
2. Define Social Work. State the values of Work with Individuals and Families. Explain any two values in detail.
3. Write a Proposal for a Project of your choice that you would like to undertake in an organization working for children in difficult situations.
4. Define the concepts: Impairment, Disability and Handicap. What are the measures undertaken by the government to address the issues of differently abled people?